Mission:

To protect, promote & improve the health of all people in Florida through integrated state, county & community efforts.



Celeste Philip, MD, MPH

Surgeon General and Secretary

Vision: To be the Healthiest State in the Nation

ESSENCE-FL Visits of Interest (VOI): Guidance for County Health Department (CHDs) Follow-up and Response

Version 1.0 (May 4, 2018)

Posted at: www.floridahealth.gov/SurveillanceInvestigationGuide

Background

- All 67 counties have two designated ESSENCE-FL users.
- These users and others at the county level receive flagged visits known as Visits of Interest (VOI) via email 365 days per year at 10am each day.
- Users need to access ESSENCE-FL to obtain the MRN for following up with the emergency department (ED)/urgent care (UC). A small percentage of facilities send a visit ID number instead of an MRN.
- ESSENCE-FL searches the chief complaint (CC) and the discharge diagnosis (DD) for these VOI terms, which are reportable disease terms (along with some misspellings/truncations) and certain other words (e.g., castor, encephalopathy, monkey, etc.).
- Discharge diagnoses are more accurate than patient chief complaints, but they are less timely. When a discharge diagnosis provides a different diagnosis than the chief complaint, indicating the patient does not have a reportable disease, follow up is not necessary (e.g., patient chief complaint: possible measles with a discharge diagnosis of hand, foot, and mouth disease).
- Chief complaints are, at times, simply what the patient reports (e.g., "I think I have measles"). When it is clear that the CC only represents the patient impression, discretion should be used in determining whether follow up should be done and the urgency of that follow up. This applies to both Group 1 and Group 2 diseases. Often additional data fields within ESSENCE-FL can help in making this determination.
- The ESSENCE-FL BOE Team has historically reviewed the statewide VOI each day and sent follow up emails to the counties for a **subset** of these VOI to ensure that these ED/UC visits are being investigated
- The ESSENCE-FL VOI serve as a tool within ESSENCE-FL, but it is just one of the many ways to use ESSENCE-FL.

CHD Expectations

- It is the responsibility of each county to monitor these VOIs and conduct necessary follow up.
- While the automatically generated ESSENCE-FL VOI email is sent at 10am each day, counties are encouraged to save their own query within ESSENCE-FL to access the most up to date data.
- Most of our ED/UC data arrive every 2 hours, so monitoring this query throughout the day can be useful.
- Counties are encouraged to investigate all possible reportable diseases identified through ESSENCE-FL queries.
- Counties should mark Reporter Type = ESSENCE-FL Query in Merlin for all reportable disease cases first identified in ESSENCE-FL.

Florida Department of Health **Division of Disease Control and Health Protection Bureau of Epidemiology**

4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin A-12 • Tallahassee, FL 32399

PHONE: 850/245-4401 • FAX: 850/922-9299

FloridaHealth.gov



- Counties are encouraged to put procedures in place to conduct ESSENCE-FL VOI and general ESSENCE-FL surveillance.
- Discharge diagnoses are more accurate than patient chief complaints, but they are less timely.
 Sometimes discharge diagnoses arrive several days after the chief complaint. Some hospitals and urgent care centers do not send discharge diagnoses at all.
- When a discharge diagnosis provides a different diagnosis than the chief complaint, indicating
 the patient does not have a reportable disease, follow up is not necessary (e.g., patient chief
 complaint: possible measles with a discharge diagnosis of hand, foot, and mouth disease).
- Chief complaints are, at times, simply what the patient reports (e.g., "I think I have measles").
 When it is clear that the CC only represents the patient impression, discretion should be used in determining whether follow up should be done and the urgency of that follow up. This applies to both Group 1 and Group 2 diseases. Often additional data fields within ESSENCE-FL can help in making this determination.
- When a chief complaint or a discharge diagnosis reads "history of <insert disease>" judgment should be used in determining whether follow up is necessary. For example, "history of West Nile" does not require follow up.
- The Group 1 diseases listed below require immediate attention, regardless of the day of the week. The Group 2 diseases only need to be followed up on during normal business hours. Certain clusters of Group 2 diseases (e.g., tularemia or melioidosis) would require immediate attention.
- Group 2 diseases that show up in the weekend VOI emails will be emailed on the next business day (typically Monday).
- When a VOI involves a resident from one county who was seen in another county, both counties
 will be contacted. For out-of-state residents, the county in which the visit occurred will be
 contacted.
- Counties may choose to follow up on some of the non-Group 1 diseases on the weekend, holidays, or after hours at their discretion.
- Visits of Interest indicating a reportable disease not listed below (in neither Group 1 nor Group 2) should be investigated as well. The BOE will not be sending follow up emails for these diseases (e.g. salmonellosis, campylobacter, etc.).
- On weekends and holidays, follow up with the counties will be conducted by telephone. Follow up phone calls from the ESSENCE-FL BOE Team, directed to the county's afterhour's phone numbers, will only be initiated for Group 1 diseases (and certain clusters of Group 2 diseases). Additionally, an email with all the visit details will be sent to the two ESSENCE-FL county contacts (some counties have additional contacts), the primary CHD epidemiology contact, the on call epidemiologists, the appropriate regional/regional environmental epidemiologist, and specified BOE staff (case reviewer and program leads). Note: The ESSENCE-FL BOE Team will attempt to verify if there is a corresponding visit in Merlin before following up on these Group 1 disease VOI.
- For both Group 1 and Group 2 diseases, when a county has informed the ESSENCE-FL BOE
 Team that an investigation is occurring, the county will not be copied on the notification email.
 For Group 1 diseases, the county would still be contacted to obtain a result of the investigation.
- The ESSENCE-FL BOE Team expects information back from the county on the same day as
 the visit shows up for the Group 1 diseases listed below (this information includes: case/no
 case, Merlin number if applicable, and disease control measures implemented). The
 ESSENCE-FL team does not expect information back on the Group 2 diseases listed below
 (beyond stating that the county is investigating); for these diseases, investigation is handled at
 the county level using normal protocol.
- For both Group 1 and Group 2 disease, counties are encouraged to send an email to <u>essence.help@flhealth.gov</u> indicating they are investigating a VOI. Some counties produce a report or an email detailing the follow up on these ESSENCE-FL VOIs and send it to us daily. This is greatly appreciated by the ESSENCE-FL BOE Team and minimizes the emails sent to the county.

Group 1 Diseases (Weekend follow up conducted)
Anthrax
Amebic encephalitis
Botulism, foodborne, wound, and unspecified
Diphtheria
Glanders
Measles
Meningococcal disease
MERS
Plague
Rabies (human)
Ricin toxin poisoning (and symptomatic castor bean exposure)
Rubella
Smallpox
Viral hemorrhagic fevers
Group 2 Diseases (No weekend follow up conducted)
Arboviral diseases not otherwise listed
Brucellosis
Chikungunya
Cholera (Vibrio cholera type O1)
Ciguatera
Dengue fever
Eastern Equine Encephalitis
Haemophilus influenza invasive disease in children < 5 years old
Hanta Virus Infection
Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)
Hepatitis A
Herpes B virus, possible exposure (monkey bites)
Legionellosis
Leptospirosis
Listeriosis
Malaria
Melioidosis
Mercury poisoning
Mumps
Neurotoxic shellfish poisoning
Pertussis
Poliomyelitis
Psittacosis
SARS
Scombroid

Saint Louis Encephalitis

Tularemia

Typhoid Fever

Typhus fever, epidemic

Vaccinia (hospitalized)

Venezuelan equine encephalitis

Vibriosis (excluding cholera O1)

VRSA

West Nile Virus

Yellow fever

Zika fever

Clusters of illness or other visits of PH importance (e.g., travel related visits of note and illness associated with special events or schools, work places, child care centers, or group living facilities)